

National workshop for Namibia on the Economy-Wide Material Flow Accounts (EW-MFA) to inform the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

23–24 July 2025 | Windhoek, Namibia

Workshop Report



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Summary

A National workshop on the Economy-Wide Material Flow Accounts (EW-MFA) to inform the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development was held in Windhoek, Namibia from 23 to 24 July 2025. The one-and-a-half-day workshop was organized by the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP), in collaboration with the Namibia Statistics Agency (NSA). The event formed part of the Statistics and Data Project “Resilient and agile National Statistical Systems to meet post-COVID-19 data needs to recover better” under the 14th tranche of the United Nations Development Account (DA14 project).

The objective of the workshop was to present and validate the results of the national work on EW-MFA to a broad group of stakeholders. It also aimed to facilitate discussions on how EW-MFA can inform policies related to responsible consumption and production, as well as support national reporting on the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

Workshop Objectives

The workshop aimed to:

- Present and validate the results of the national work on Economy-Wide Material Flow Accounts (EW-MFA) to various stakeholders
- Discuss how EW-MFA inform policies on responsible consumption and production
- Support country reporting on the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development using SDG indicators 8.4.1/12.2.1 on material footprint and 8.4.2/12.2.2 on domestic material consumption

Participants

The training was attended by 27 participants, with an almost equal gender distribution of 14 female (52%) and 13 male (48%). Participants included government officials, academics, and employees of intergovernmental organizations (IGOs) and non-governmental organizations (NGOs) from International University of Management (IUM), Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries, Water and Land Reforms (MAFWLR), Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (MEFT), Ministry of Industrialization, Mines and Energy (MIME), Ministry of International Relations and Trade (MIRT), Namibia Nature Foundation (NNF), Namibia Statistics Agency (NSA), Namibia University of Science and Technology (NUST), National Planning Commission (NPC), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP), United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), , United Nations Resident Coordinator's Office (UN-RCO) in Namibia, University of Namibia, World Health Organization (WHO)

The full participants list available in Annex 1.

Workshop Sessions

Day 1: 23 July 2025

Session 1: Opening and Introduction

The workshop commenced with welcoming remarks delivered by Ms. Ottilie Mwaalele Mwazi, Deputy Statistician-General and CEO of the Namibia Statistics Agency (NSA). She welcomed the participants and expressed appreciation for the collaboration with UNEP.

On behalf of the UN Resident Coordinator in Namibia, Ms. Hopolang Phororo, the remarks were delivered by Ms. Erica Goldson, Chair of the Effective Governance and Public Service Delivery Results Group and UNFPA Representative. She acknowledged the presence of government officials, members of academia, NGOs, and development partners, and emphasized the importance of cooperation between the Namibian Government and UNEP. She highlighted the role of partnerships not only between government and the UN but also with academia, the private sector, and regional and international partners. She encouraged participants to use the workshop not only to deepen their technical understanding but also to engage in policy dialogue that could inform future budgetary decisions.

Following the opening remarks, the organizers introduced themselves, and participants briefly introduced themselves as well. The agenda was then presented, along with explanations of the relevance of each agenda item. A pre-workshop survey was conducted, and the session concluded with a group photo.

See page 12 for survey results.

Session 2: Introduction of the Economy-Wide Material Flow Accounts (EW-MFA) to support reporting on the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

Session 2 began with a presentation by Ms. Ekaterina Poleshchuk, UNEP, who provided an introduction and overview of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the environment-related SDG indicators. She outlined the context of the 2030 Agenda, the contributing entities, and presented the list of 25 environment-related SDG indicators under UNEP's custodianship. The presentation also explained UNEP's data collection processes, referencing relevant portals and reports where the results are published. Participants showed particular interest in the data collection methodologies, asking which sources are most reliable and frequently used. Ekaterina clarified that data collected from National Statistical Offices is both the most reliable and most commonly used.

Due to minor logistical delays, an open discussion on the state of environment-related SDG indicators in Namibia followed the presentation. To stimulate engagement, Ekaterina presented the National Scorecards available through the World Environment Situation Room (WESR) by UNEP. The National Scorecards reflect data on 92 environment-related SDG indicators for all UN Member States, but Ekaterina focused only on 25 SDG indicators which are under UNEP's custodianship. The discussion began with SDG 6 and water-related indicators, with participants expressing interest in why certain indicators showed little change over time and seeking deeper analysis and interpretation of SDG data. Discussion then moved to Goals 8 and 12 on responsible consumption and production, which prompted an exchange on waste-related data. Participants noted challenges in estimating uncontrolled

waste and recycling statistics in Namibia, highlighting the need for an integrated and harmonized data collection system. The session concluded with a review of scorecards related to Goals 14, 15, and 17.

The second presentation, which had been postponed earlier due to scheduling adjustments, was delivered by Ms. Anastasia Johannes from the Namibia Statistics Agency (NSA). Her presentation focused on Namibia's national reporting on environment-related SDG indicators. She explained how SDG data is collected in Namibia, reviewed progress made between 2019 and 2023, and discussed key challenges associated with collecting data on environmental indicators. She also demonstrated how the SDG indicators align with national frameworks. Following the presentation, participants engaged in a discussion on improving data collection, emphasizing the need for enhanced communication between government entities, greater awareness-raising activities, and improved data-sharing mechanisms.

The final presentation before the break was delivered by Ms. Ekaterina Poleshchuk and introduced participants to the concept of Economy-Wide Material Flow Accounts (EW-MFA) with a focus how EW-MFA may inform policies. The presentation covered the composition of EW-MFA categories, the construction of the accounts, and their relevance to SDG indicators 8.4.1/12.2.1 on material footprint and 8.4.2/12.2.2 on domestic material consumption and the Circular Economy indicators. She also presented the associated methodologies and tools available to National Statistical Offices and other stakeholders. Participants were guided to the Global Material Flow Database, an online portal where EW-MFA estimates can be accessed with a purpose to inform relevant policies at national, regional and global levels.

The last presentation of the session was on national reporting on EW-MFA-based indicators, delivered by Mr. Patryk Guenther (UNEP). He presented the process of compiling indicators 8.4.1/12.2.1 and 8.4.2/12.2.2, along with an overview of the tools previously introduced by Ms. Ekaterina Poleshchuk.

Session 3: Development of the Economy-Wide Material Flow Accounts in Namibia

Session 3 began with a presentation by Ms. Poleshchuk, who provided an overview of the activities of the DA14 project, undertaken in Namibia to support EW-MFA at the national level. She shared the history of the initiative, including its inception and collaboration with UNEP experts.

This was followed by Ms. Vistorina Nambundunga (NSA), who presented the intermediate results of the EW-MFA work in Namibia. She provided background context, data sources, and preliminary findings, along with her recommendations. Participants inquired about the most dominant categories in terms of extraction, as well as those most consumed versus exported. They also asked about the frequency of reporting. Vistorina responded that mining, particularly metals, followed by non-metallic minerals, is the most dominant sector, and that reporting will be conducted annually. The discussion then moved to specific data points, highlighting the need for further validation and improved data systems.

As the next step of the agenda, an open discussion was initiated with the question: "How do you assess the actual or potential contribution of your organisation to the development of EW-MFA in Namibia?". Participants were invited to share their perspectives, outlining their

roles, ongoing initiatives, and opportunities for collaboration and shared the following contributions:

- Ms. Julia Alfeus from the Ministry of Industry, Mines and Energy: Highlighted reporting systems for production. Monthly reports are submitted electronically or in person and are analyzed by ministry analysts. Data is also shared with international bodies, such as the US Geological Survey, and is used on various platforms to estimate economic impacts, including GDP.
- Dr. Sioni likela from the International University of Management: Stated that while EW-MFA is not his main expertise, the university engages in data collection through its research activities. He suggested the creation of a centralized platform, managed by the NSA, to encourage universities to share their data.
- Mr. Lukas Kumonika from the National Planning Commission: Emphasized that data is vital for national planning. The NPC allocates budget to the NSA, advocates for statistical initiatives, and oversees monitoring and evaluation, ensuring that data feeds into the National Development Plan (NDP).
- Mr. Salom Johannes from the Namibia Nature Foundation: As a conservation-focused NGO, he saw potential to support capacity building, especially in sectors such as fisheries, and proposed engaging local communities in data collection efforts.
- Ms. Bertha Nghoshi from the Namibia Statistics Agency: Reiterated that the NSA coordinates national statistics, including EW-MFA, and ensures that data consolidation complies with statistical standards.
- Mr. Petrus Iiyambo from the University of Namibia: Noted the dual role of academia as both a research institution and part of the national statistical system. The university advocates for timely, reliable, and easily accessible data to support research.
- Ms. Frida Frans from the UNDP Namibia: Shared that the agency primarily funds projects on the ground, particularly through the Ministry of Environment, but that data sharing can face resistance due to unclear mandates or limited capacity. UNDP aims to strengthen NSA's mandate by investing in capacity building and advocating for digitized data centre.

The second part of the open discussion focused on the question "Based on your area of expertise, what challenges and solutions do you see in the implementation of Economy-Wide Material Flow Accounts (EW-MFA)?"

Participants offered reflections and constructive suggestions, summarized below:

- Dr. Sioni likela from the International University of Management: Observed that data relevant to EW-MFA is often dispersed across different entities, making coordination and access challenging. He highlighted the potential value of establishing a national coordination mechanism to improve data integration and support informed planning efforts.
- Government Institutions (general reflection): Some participants noted that timely data sharing and responsiveness can be areas for improvement. They suggested that enhanced inter-agency communication and a shared understanding of priorities could strengthen institutional collaboration.
- Ms. Julia Alfeus from the Ministry of Industry, Mines and Energy: Shared that while reporting systems are in place, there are sometimes delays in data submission from

private sector actors. She recommended increased field-level engagement and capacity building, particularly in mining regions, to foster greater participation and understanding of data requirements.

- Ms. Laimi Ashipala from the World Health Organization: Emphasized the importance of communicating the purpose and value of data requests. When stakeholders understand the why behind data collection, they are more likely to engage positively.
- General comment: It was noted that individuals may occasionally be tasked with responsibilities outside their usual scope. Providing context and awareness on the broader significance of EW-MFA could help increase motivation and cross-sectoral support.
- General reflection: Participants acknowledged that inter-agency coordination—both within national structures and among international partners—can sometimes be complex. Strengthening cooperation, including the provision of technical tools and support, was seen as key to advancing EW-MFA implementation.
- Mr. Lukas Kumonika from the National Planning Commission: Suggested that project design processes could benefit from broader stakeholder engagement to ensure alignment with national priorities. Greater involvement of relevant ministries and institutions from the outset could improve ownership and continuity.
- Ms. Bertha Nghoshi from the Namibia Statistics Agency: Noted that one of the recurring challenges is the limited response to data requests. She proposed considering approaches that encourage clear roles and accountability, while also fostering a culture of collaboration and shared responsibility in national data initiatives.

The conclusion of the discussion marked the end of a successful first day of the workshop.

Day 2: 24 July 2025

While the first day focused on methodology and discussions, the second day took on a more practical and technical character.

Session 4: Calculating the Material Footprint at the national level

Session 4 began with a presentation by Mr. Leonard Tukondjere from the Namibia Statistics Agency (NSA), who introduced the national data for the EW-MFA using the EW-MFA Compiler, developed by UNEP. He guided participants through key tables, including Table A (Domestic Extraction), Table B (Imports of Materials), and Table C (Exports of Materials), and provided an overview of Table D (Material Outflows), Table E (Balancing Items), and Table F (Headline Indicators). His presentation covered the technical aspects of working with the data and highlighted some of the common challenges encountered during compilation, and also initiated a discussion on the possible adaptation of EW-MFA tables to take into account national circumstances. In particular, the Matal Ores material group can be disaggregated in more materials than those listed in the standard template for EW-MFA, as critical metals mining is of critical importance to the Namibian economy.

The session continued with Mr. Patryk Guenther from UNEP, who delivered a presentation on the Global Footprint Tool (GFT). This was followed by a live demonstration of the web application, covering each step of the process: user authentication, downloading the data template, populating it, uploading it, and navigating common issues. GFT was recently developed by UNEP in collaboration with partners and is currently undergoing testing. Feedback at the national level is therefore essential.

As a natural continuation, participants were invited to engage in group work to test GFT and calculate the material footprint for Namibia using national EW-MFA data. Although three group leaders had been selected in advance, some technical challenges briefly interrupted the session. These issues were quickly addressed, and group activities resumed.



While participants generally appreciated the tool, they provided constructive feedback. For instance, the system state message “Terminated” was perceived as potentially confusing. Participants expressed interest in gaining deeper insights into the inner workings of the tool, particularly regarding how raw material equivalents are calculated. As a general comment the importance of data validation prior to using the Global Footprint Tool was highlighted.



Participants and UNEP experts agreed on the need to continue testing GFT once national EW-MFA data are fully validated and expressed interest in other environmental footprint indicators that could be calculated using GFT.

Session 5: Recommendations and Closing

The final session of the workshop began with a presentation by Ms. Ekaterina Poleshchuk of the recommendations to the NSA as the coordinating entity for the work on EW-MFA in Namibia. The full list of recommendations can be found in the *Next Steps and Recommendations* section below.

Referring to Recommendation 3, which recommended to establish a National Technical Working Group for EW-MFA to facilitate data collections and validation of results on a regular bases, Ms. Vistorina Nambundunga emphasized the importance of establishing a technical group composed of nominated focal points to support the collection of EW-MFA-related data across government entities.

Ms. Ottilie Mwaalele Mwazi added that it would be beneficial to clearly define the focal points in the nation entities involved in the work on EW-MFA, the scope of data to be collected, and the frequency of communication. She further suggested that formalizing the group through official channels could help ensure the continuity and sustainability of the EW-MFA initiative in Namibia.

To conclude the workshop, Dr. Mubusisi Mabuku, Executive for Economic Statistics at NSA, delivered the closing remarks. He thanked the organizers and expressed hope that the workshop marked the beginning of a fruitful and lasting collaboration between government institutions, international organizations, academia, and NGOs in advancing work on EW-MFA in the country.

The workshop agenda is available in Annex 2.

The workshop materials are published [here](#).



Key Outcomes and Next Steps

Key Outcomes

1. **Presentation of National EW-MFA Results**

Stakeholders were informed of the findings and progress made in compiling Economy-Wide Material Flow Accounts for Namibia.

2. **Increased Awareness and Understanding**

Participants gained a clearer understanding of how EW-MFA supports evidence-based policymaking for sustainable resource use and responsible consumption and production.

3. **Policy Linkages and Integration**

The workshop explored how EW-MFA data can inform national policies, contribute to SDG reporting—especially SDG 8 (Decent work and Economic Growth) and SDG 12 (Responsible Consumption and Production)—and guide sustainable development strategies.

4. **Capacity Building and Stakeholder Engagement**

National institutions and stakeholders strengthened their technical knowledge and institutional capacity to apply EW-MFA in their work.

5. **Enhanced Coordination Among Agencies**

Improved collaboration is expected among the National Statistical System (NSS) - national agencies involved in environmental and economic data collection, policy planning, and sustainable development monitoring.

6. **Inputs for Future Policy Development and Reporting**

Insights from the workshop will help shape future strategies, reporting mechanisms, and policy frameworks aligned with the 2030 Agenda.

7. **Support for the DA14 Project Goals**

The outcomes will contribute to the broader objectives of the DA14 project, particularly enhancing the resilience and agility of national statistical systems in the post-COVID-19 recovery phase.

Next Steps and Recommendations

Note: Given to NSA as the coordinating entity for the work on EW-MFA in Namibia.

1. Continue to engage with various relevant Offices, Ministries and Agencies (OMAs) and research institutions on data collection and validation of results, and organize a final data validation workshop with key stakeholders.
2. Raise awareness on the EW-MFA and make the national EW-MFA accessible to various groups of stakeholders by disseminating the final EW-MFA to various national stakeholders and international organisations through official channels, including online platforms, in the form of tables, graphs and explanatory notes to make it user-friendly for non-technical experts.
3. Establish a National Technical Working Group for EW-MFA to facilitate data collections and validation of results on a regular bases.
4. Include the release of the EW-MFA in the annual statistical programme and other relevant documents, indicating the frequency of completion of the work and the expected timing in accordance with the national statistical calendar.
5. Prepare, approve and publish a national statistical methodology for EW-MFA that demonstrates harmonization with relevant international statistical frameworks and standards and describes all national data sources associated with specific material categories of the EW-MFA tables to ensure the sustainability of the work at the national level.
6. Report national data on EW-MFA to the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) using the UNEP Questionnaire on EW-MFA for the SDG indicators 8.4.1/12.2.1 and 8.4.2/12.2.2 under the 2024 data collection cycle, and the following reporting cycles upon request.
7. Report the results of the EW-MFA work to the United Nations Statistics Division (UNSD) under the upcoming [Global Assessment of Environmental-Economic Accounting and Supporting Statistics](#) (2025) and the following reporting cycles upon request.
8. Continue testing the GFT and once national EW-MFA data are fully validated and expressed interest in other environmental footprint indicators that could be calculated using GFT.

Pre- and Post-Workshop Surveys

The workshop effectively enhanced participants' knowledge and familiarity with the key topics. A total of 25 responses were received for the pre-workshop survey and 16 for the post-workshop survey. To enable accurate comparison, the results are presented in percentages.

According to the pre-workshop survey, 88% of respondents had never previously participated in workshops related to Economy-Wide Material Flow Accounts (EW-MFA). In the post-workshop survey, 75% of respondents found the workshop relevant to their professional responsibilities, while the remaining 25% found it partially relevant.

Participants reported an **overall improvement in knowledge across all three major subject areas**:

1. The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and Environment-related SDG Indicators

- *No knowledge*: 0% (pre) → 13% (post)
- *Little knowledge*: 28% → 0%
- *Some knowledge*: 44% → 31%
- *Good knowledge*: 28% → 44%
- *Excellent knowledge*: 0% → 13%

2. Economy-Wide Material Flow Accounts (EW-MFA)

- *No knowledge*: 32% (pre) → 6% (post)
- *Little knowledge*: 44% → 25%
- *Some knowledge*: 12% → 44%
- *Good knowledge*: 12% → 19%
- *Excellent knowledge*: 0% → 6%

3. Global Footprint Tool

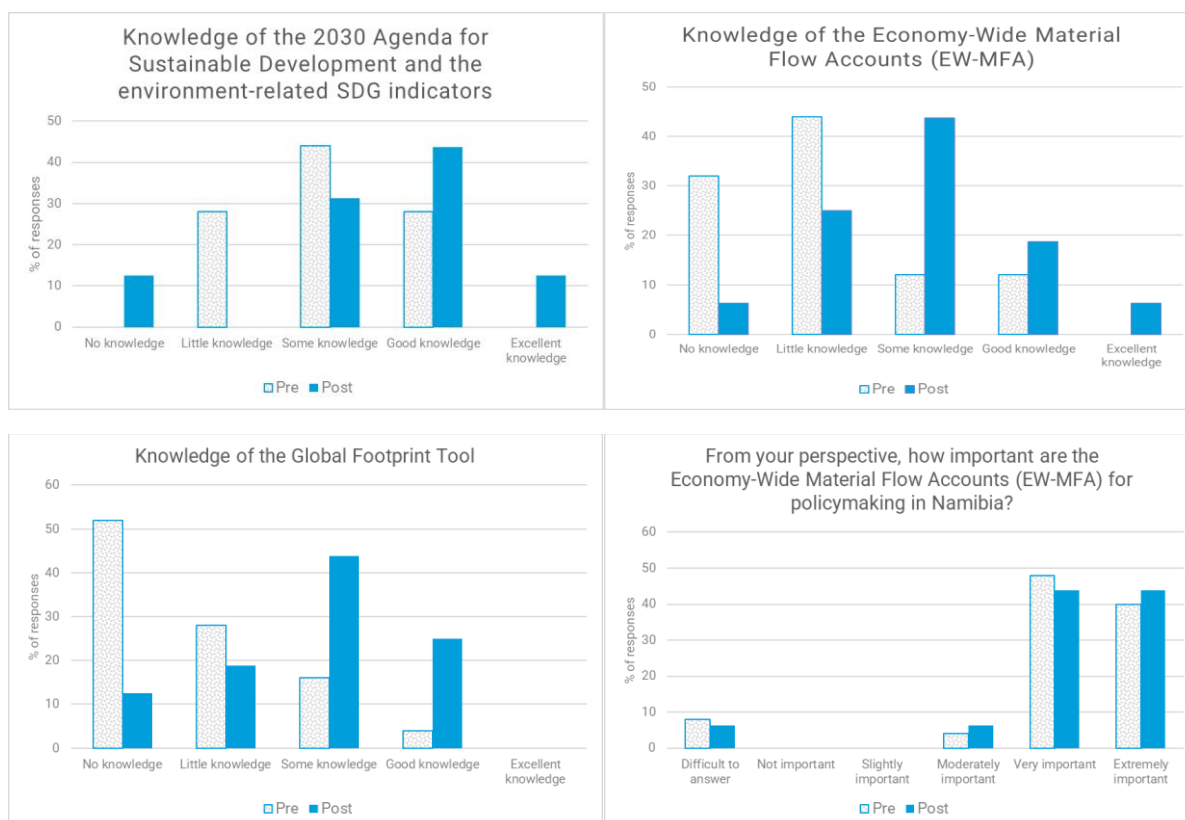
- *No knowledge*: 52% (pre) → 13% (post)
- *Little knowledge*: 28% → 19%
- *Some knowledge*: 16% → 44%
- *Good knowledge*: 4% → 25%
- *Excellent knowledge*: 0% → 0%

In both the pre- and post-workshop surveys, 88% of respondents indicated that EW-MFA is “very” to “extremely” important for policymaking in Namibia.

When asked about areas for improvement, participants suggested:

- Greater focus on case studies (46%)
- Simplified materials for participants (17%)
- More interactive sessions (13%)

In conclusion, the workshop was effective in advancing participants' knowledge and understanding of key frameworks. Future sessions could further enhance impact by incorporating more case studies, providing simplified materials, and increasing interactivity, building on the strong foundation of this training.



Annex 1. List of Participants

Name & Surname	Gender (M/F/O)	Organisation
Dr. Sioni Iikela	M	International University of Management (IUM)
Victoria Shipanga	F	Namibia University of Science and Technology (NUST)
Julia Alfeus	F	Ministry of Industrialization, Mines and Energy (MIME)
Salom Johannes	M	Namibia Nature Foundation (NNF)
Phillepus Uusiku	M	National Planning Commission (NPC)
Martin Kadira	M	Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries, Water and Land Reforms (MAFWLR)
Richard Chilinda	M	Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries, Water and Land Reforms (MAFWLR)
Laimi S Shilongo	F	Ministry of Environment, Forestry and Tourism (MEFT)
Rosalia Heita	F	Ministry of International Relations and Trade (MIRT)
Nicky Iitula	M	Ministry of International Relations and Trade (MIRT)
Michael Kanime	M	Ministry of International Relations and Trade (MIRT)
Ottillie Mwazi	F	Namibia Statistics Agency (NSA)
Dr. Mubusisi Mabuku	M	Namibia Statistics Agency (NSA)
Bertha Nghoshi	F	Namibia Statistics Agency (NSA)
Vistorina Nambundunga	F	Namibia Statistics Agency (NSA)
Leonard Tukondjere	M	Namibia Statistics Agency (NSA)
Anastasia Johannes	F	Namibia Statistics Agency (NSA) (online)
Ekaterina Poleschchuk	F	United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)
Patryk Guenther	M	United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)
Erika Goldson	F	UN-RCO NAMIBIA
Nelson Zakaapi	M	UN-RCO NAMIBIA
Teopolina Amupolo	F	UNDP NAMIBIA
Frida Frans	F	UNDP NAMIBIA
Petrus Iiyambo	M	University of Namibia
Lukas Kumonika	M	National Planning Commission (NPC)
Laimi Shipala	F	WHO
Roswitha Vincentius	F	International University of Management (IUM)

Annex 2. Workshop Agenda

Wednesday, 23 July 2025	
Session 1: Opening and Introduction	
<i>Moderator: Ekaterina Poleshchuk, UNEP</i>	
08:30 – 09:00	Morning coffee and Registration
09:00 – 09:15	<p>Welcome Remarks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ms Ottilie Mwaalele Mwazi, Deputy Statistician-General and CEO of the Namibia Statistics Agency (NSA) On behalf of Ms Hopolang Phororo, the United Nations Resident Coordinator in Namibia: Ms Erika Goldson, Chair of the Effective Governance and Public Service Delivery and UNFPA Representative
09:15 – 10:00	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduction of participants (15 mins) Presentation of the agenda (5 mins) Pre-workshop survey (10 mins) <p>Group picture</p>
Session 2: Introduction of the Economy-Wide Material Flow Accounts (EW-MFA) to support reporting on the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development	
<i>Moderator: Petronela Namushinga, NSA</i>	
10:00 – 12:30	<p>Introduction (5 mins)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the environment-related SDG indicators: on the way to 2030 – <i>Ekaterina Poleshchuk, UNEP</i> (15 mins) National reporting on environment-related SDG indicators in Namibia – <i>Anastasia Johannes, NSA</i> (15 mins) <p>Q&A (10 mins)</p> <p>Open discussion on the state of environment-related SDG indicators in Namibia, based on the National Scorecard, <i>moderated by Ekaterina Poleshchuk, UNEP</i> (45 mins)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Economy-Wide Material Flow Accounts to inform policies on responsible consumption and production and support reporting on the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development – <i>Ekaterina Poleshchuk, UNEP</i> (25 mins) <p>Q&A (10 mins)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> National reporting on EW-MFA-based indicators – <i>Patryk Guenther, UNEP</i> (15 mins) <p>Q&A (10 mins)</p>
12:30 – 13:30	Lunch

Session 3: Development of the Economy-Wide Material Flow Accounts in Namibia*Moderator: Leonard Tukondjere, NSA*

13:30 – 16:10	<p>Introduction (5 mins)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction of activities in Namibia to support the work on EW-MFA at the national level – <i>Ekaterina Poleshchuk, UNEP</i> (10 mins) • Results of the work on EW-MFA in Namibia – <i>Vistorina Nambundunga, NSA</i> (30 mins) <p>Q&A (10 mins)</p> <p>Open discussion of data challenges and solutions for EW-MFA, <i>moderated by Ekaterina Poleshchuk, UNEP</i> (45 mins)</p> <p>Feedback from national stakeholders on importance of EW-MFA in Namibia (30 mins)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Next steps – <i>Bertha Nghoshi, NSA</i> (10 mins) <p>Q&A (10 mins)</p>
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16:10 – 16:30	Coffee at the end of the day
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Thursday, 24 July 2025**Session 4: Calculating the Material Footprint at the national level***Moderator: Petronela Namushinga, NSA*

08:30 – 09:00	Morning coffee
09:00 – 12:00	<p>Introduction (5 mins)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Presentation of National Data for EW-MFA – <i>Leonard Tukondjere, NSA</i> (60 mins) • The Global Footprint Tool for calculating footprint indicators at the national level and Life Demo of the Global Footprint Tool – <i>Patryk Guenther, UNEP</i> (30 mins) <p>Q&A (15 mins)</p> <p>Group work to calculate footprint indicators for Namibia (45 mins)</p> <p>Presentation of the results (30 mins)</p>

Session 5: Recommendations and Closing*Moderator: Leonard Tukondjere, NSA*

12:00 – 12:30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discussion of recommendations, audience reflections on the workshop and topic and Way Forward – <i>Ekaterina Poleshchuk, UNEP</i> • Post-workshop survey – <i>Patryk Guenther, UNEP</i> • Closing remarks – <i>Dr. Mubusisi Mabuku, Executive Economic Statistics, NSA</i>
12:30 – 13:30	Lunch